



KEY FINDINGS

ECI at 11-month high of 52.3

Strong increase in activity in the UAE

Germany and France near stabilisation

TÜRKIYE MANUFACTURING ECI



LAST TWELVE MONTHS

May-23	52.3
Jun-23	51.1
Jul-23	50.3
Aug-23	49.1
Sep-23	49.0
Oct-23	48.5
Nov-23	49.5
Dec-23	49.7
Jan-24	50.6
Feb-24	51.1
Mar-24	51.6
Apr-24	52.3

The opening month of the second quarter of the year saw a further improvement in demand conditions in export markets. Moreover, the export climate strengthened solidly, and to the greatest extent since May 2023. A range of key export markets for Turkish manufacturers saw output increase in April, while Germany and France posted near-stabilisations of activity.

The Manufacturing Export Climate Index is calculated by weighting together national PMI data on output trends from PMI surveys. Weights are derived from statistics on the relative importance of individual trading partners' contributions to the exports of Turkish manufacturers.

The Istanbul Chamber of Industry Türkiye Manufacturing Export Climate Index rose for the sixth successive month in April, hitting a near one-year high of 52.3 from 51.6 in March. Export demand conditions strengthened solidly, and for the fourth time in as many months.

The top ten largest export destinations for Turkish manufacturers account for almost half (46%) of all exports. Of these, eight saw business activity increase in April, led by the UAE where the rate of expansion remained substantial. In fact, the rise in activity in the UAE was the sharpest of all economies covered by the report, just ahead of Saudi Arabia and India.

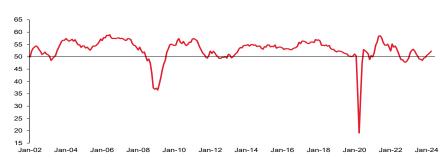
Meanwhile, solid and accelerated increases in output were seen in the UK and Spain at the start of the second quarter, with respective rates of expansion each hitting one-year highs. Elsewhere, manufacturing production in the Netherlands rose at the fastest pace in almost two years and Romania posted an increase for the first time in that survey's ten-month history.

The US, Russia and Italy all registered further increases in activity over the course of the month, but to lesser extents than seen in March.

The only two of the ten largest export

Manufacturing PMI Export Climate Index

sa, >50= improvement since previous month





markets not to record growth of output at the start of the second quarter were Germany and France, which combined account for around 13% of exports. That said, both saw activity near stabilisation in April, posting marginal reductions that were the softest in ten and 11 months respectively.

The generally improving picture was not universal across the economies covered by the report, however, as some areas continued to see output decline markedly. The sharpest fall in April was seen in the Czech Republic, closely followed by Egypt and Austria.

Comment

Commenting on the Istanbul Chamber of Industry Türkiye Manufacturing Export Climate Index, Andrew Harker, Economics Director, S&P Global Market Intelligence, said:

"With Germany and France showing signs of stabilisation in April, improvements in demand conditions were widespread across the key export markets for Turkish manufacturers, boding well for the ability of firms to secure new export orders in the coming months."

For further information, please contact:

Istanbul Chamber of Industry

Nesrin Akçay, Economic Research and Corporate Finance Department Mng.

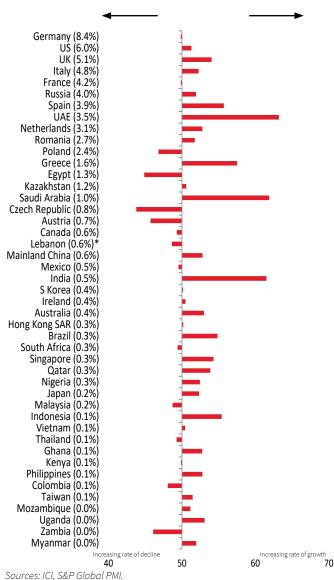
Telephone +90 212 252 29 00 Ext: 180

Email: nakcay@iso.org.tr

Country rankings

PMI Output Index (ordered by export weight in full-year 2023)

sa, >50= growth since previous month



Sources. ICI, SAF GIODUI FIMI.

S&P Global Market Intelligence

Andrew Harker, Economics Director

Telephone +44 1491 461 016

Email: andrew.harker@spglobal.com

^{*} March 2024 data



About Export Climate Index

The Export Climate PMI indices are calculated by weighting together national PMI survey data on output trends. Weights are derived from official statistics relating to the relative importance of individual trading partners' contributions to the external trade of a specific country. By weighting together the output trends from national PMI surveys according to their importance to the external trade of Turkish manufacturers, an advance indicator for the economic health of their export markets is obtained. All data are seasonally adjusted.

Any reading above the 50.0 no-change mark indicates an improvement in the health of the export climate, with any reading below 50.0 signalling a deterioration. The further away from 50.0 the index reading is, the greater the change in the export climate.

About Istanbul Chamber of Industry

Driving strength from her members' contributions to Turkish economy and since her foundation in 1952, Istanbul Chamber of Industry (ICI) stands out as Türkiye's largest chamber of industry and one of the most powerful representatives of Turkish industry. The added value generated by ICI members represents more than 40% of the total added value propagated by Turkish industry. ICI members actualize approximately 35% of production of Turkish industry. 36% of Türkiye's Top 500 Industrial Enterprises consists of ICI members.

ICI promotes the sustainable development of Turkish industry and contributes the improvement of her competitiveness via offering innovative services to her members. For this purpose, she develops new projects and services to the use of industrialists in crucial fields such as; innovation, technology development, university-industry cooperation, vocational training, international relations, environment and energy with local and international partnerships.

Generating and conducting economic researches together with gathering data, ICI holds the widest knowledge on Istanbul industry whilst giving direction to Turkish industrialists and providing intense contribution for shaping economic and industrial policies.

About S&P Global

S&P Global provides essential intelligence. We enable governments, businesses and individuals with the right data, expertise and connected technology so that they can make decisions with conviction. From helping our customers assess new investments to guiding them through ESG and energy transition across supply chains, we unlock new opportunities, solve challenges and accelerate progress for the world.

We are widely sought after by many of the world's leading organizations to provide credit ratings, benchmarks, analytics and workflow solutions in the global capital, commodity and automotive markets. With every one of our offerings, we help the world's leading organizations plan for tomorrow, today. www.spglobal.com

The intellectual property rights to the data provided herein are owned by or licensed to S&P Global and/or its affiliates. Any unauthorised use, including but not limited to copying, distributing, transmitting or otherwise of any data appearing is not permitted without S&P Global's prior consent. S&P Global shall not have any liability, duty or obligation for or relating to the content or information ("Data") contained herein, any errors, inaccuracies, omissions or delays in the Data, or for any actions taken in reliance thereon. In no event shall S&P Global be liable for any special, incidental, or consequential damages, arising out of the use of the Data. Purchasing Managers' Index" and PMI* are either trade marks or registered trade marks of S&P Global Inc or licensed to S&P Global Inc and/or its affiliates.

This Content was published by S&P Global Market Intelligence and not by S&P Global Ratings, which is a separately managed division of S&P Global. Reproduction of any information, data or material, including ratings ("Content") in any form is prohibited except with the prior written permission of the relevant party. Such party, its affiliates and suppliers ("Content Providers") do not guarantee the accuracy, adequacy, completeness, timeliness or availability of any Content and are not responsible for any errors or omissions (negligent or otherwise), regardless of the cause, or for the results obtained from the use of such Content. In no event shall Content Providers be liable for any damages, costs, expenses, legal fees, or losses (including lost income or lost profit and opportunity costs) in connection with any use of the Content.